Telehealth Policy Manual

New York State Medicaid Fee-for-Service Provider Policy Manual Version 2024-V1



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1 Links and Contacts

New York State (NYS) Department of Health's Office of Health Insurance Programs Bureau of Health Access, Policy, and Innovation

- 518-473-2160
- telehealth.policy@health.ny.gov
- For teledentistry inquiries: dentalpolicy@health.ny.gov

Other State Agency Contacts and Resources for Telehealth Guidance

Office of Mental Health (OMH):

- telehealth@omh.ny.gov
- Telehealth Services Guide for OMH Providers

Office of Addiction Services and Supports (OASAS):

- PICM@oasas.ny.gov
- Telehealth Standards for OASAS Designated Providers

Office for People with Developmental Disabilities (OPWDD):

- OPWDD HCBS Telehealth Guidance
- Article 16 Clinic Guidance

Office of the Professions

- All Medicaid-enrolled providers must deliver care within their scope of practice for inperson and telehealth services. For details on licensing and scope of practice, please contact:
- https://www.op.nysed.gov/how-contact-us
- 518-474-3817

New York State Medicaid Updates

Medicaid Updates are published monthly. Updates to telehealth policy may be made periodically and posted on the Medicaid Update website.

eMedNY

- https://www.emedny.org
- (800) 343-9000
- eMedNY Contacts PDF

New York State Medicaid General Policy Manual - Information for All Providers

General Medicaid Policy information and billing guidance is available at: https://www.emedny.org/ProviderManuals/AllProviders/index.aspx

New York Codes, Rules and Regulations, Title 18 (Social Services)

http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/nycrr/title 18/

New York Codes, Rules and Regulations, Title 10 (Health)

http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/nycrr/title 10/



Interactive Telehealth Trainings

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- Choose Your Journey
- Telehealth Talk Show

2 Document Control Properties

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3 Overview

The information in this guidance applies to services delivered via Fee-for-Service (FFS) or under contracted Medicaid Managed Care (MMC) Plans by:

- New York State (NYS) Medicaid-enrolled providers and facilities, including NYS Department of Health (DOH) licensed providers;
- New York State Office of Addiction Services and Supports (OASAS)-certified or designated providers and facilities;
- New York State Office of Mental Health (OMH)-licensed or designated providers and facilities; and
- New York State Office for People with Developmental Disabilities (OPWDD) Article 16
 Clinic services (e.g., occupational therapy, physical therapy, Speech, Psychology, etc.).
 This guidance does not include Independent Practitioner Services for Individuals with
 Developmental Disabilities (IPSIDD). This guidance also does not apply to services
 authorized pursuant to OPWDD's Section 1915(c) Comprehensive Home and
 Community-Based Services (HCBS) Waiver.

Please note: NYS OMH, OPWDD, and OASAS have issued, or may issue, separate guidance and/or regulations that may supersede or supplement the requirements for telehealth for NYS Medicaid members being served under the authority of those respective agencies and address telehealth delivery for services certified by those agencies under the Mental Hygiene Law (MHL).

Additional programmatic guidance may be published by NYS DOH that specifically allows or prohibits the use of telehealth by type of service.

Many Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) Medicare telehealth flexibilities previously

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effective until 151 days after the end of the public health emergency have been extended until December 31, 2024, in accordance with the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023. More information can be found in the <u>CMS Waivers</u>, <u>Flexibilities</u>, <u>and the End of the COVID-19 Public</u> Health Emergency FAQ.

In accordance with The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), providers must provide communication aids for telehealth services. Providers may <u>not</u> charge the patient for communications aids. For more information, please visit the <u>ADA telehealth webpage</u>.

4 Definitions

4.1 Telehealth

Telehealth is defined as the use of electronic information and communication technologies to deliver health care to patients at a distance. NYS Medicaid covered services provided via telehealth include assessment, diagnosis, consultation, treatment, education, care management and/or self-management of a NYS Medicaid member. This definition includes audio-only services when audio-visual is unavailable, or a member chooses audio-only.

4.2 Originating Site

The originating site is where the NYS Medicaid member is located at the time health care services are delivered to the individual by means of telehealth. On professional claims, place of service (POS) "02", "10", or "11" must be coded to document the location of the NYS Medicaid member during the telehealth visit. (See Section 9.3 for further guidance).

4.3 Distant Site

The distant site is the site where the telehealth provider is located while delivering health care services by means of telehealth. Any secure site within the fifty United States (U.S.) or U.S. territories, is eligible to be a distant site for delivery and payment purposes, including but not limited to, Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs) and providers homes, for NYS Medicaid-enrolled patients. To receive reimbursement from NYS Medicaid, providers submitting telehealth claims or encounters must be NYS-licensed and enrolled in NYS Medicaid. The enrollment requirement is applicable only to enrollable provider types, including pharmacies and most licensed practitioners.

4.4 Telemedicine or Audio-Visual Telehealth

Telemedicine, or audio-visual telehealth, uses two-way synchronous electronic audio-visual communications to deliver clinical health care services to a patient at an originating site by a telehealth provider located at a distant site. Telemedicine includes teledentistry.

4.5 Teledentistry

Teledentistry, an alternative method of delivering care, can provide a convenient and accessible platform for urgent dental problems, virtual consultations, monitoring of patients, and assistance in making referrals. By improving access to care using teledentistry, long transportation barriers in rural areas to see dental providers and visits to urgent care facilities and emergency rooms for dental-related problems may be avoided. Teledentistry also makes in-office appointments more available for patients who need them.



See billing rules in Section 9.4 "Billing for Teledentistry Services."

4.6 Store-and-Forward Technology

Store-and-forward technology involves the asynchronous, electronic transmission of health information of a NYS Medicaid member, in the form of patient-specific pre-recorded videos and/or digital images from a provider at an originating site to a telehealth provider at a distant site. Store-and-forward technology aids in diagnoses when live video contact is not readily available or not necessary. Additionally, pre-recorded videos and/or static digital images (e.g., pictures) must be specific to the condition of the NYS Medicaid member, as well as be adequate for rendering or confirming a diagnosis or a plan of treatment.

See billing rules in Section 9.5 "Billing for Store-and-Forward Technology."

4.7 Remote Patient Monitoring

Remote patient monitoring (RPM) uses digital technologies to collect medical data and other personal health information from the NYS Medicaid member in one location and electronically transmit that information to health care providers in a different location for assessment and recommendations. Monitoring programs can collect a wide range of health data from the point of care, such as vital signs, blood pressure, heart rate, weight, blood sugar, blood oxygen levels and electrocardiogram readings. RPM may include follow-up on previously transmitted data conducted through communication technologies or by telephone.

Medical conditions that may be treated/monitored by means of RPM include, but are not limited to, congestive heart failure, diabetes, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), wound care, polypharmacy, mental or behavioral problems, and technology-dependent care such as continuous oxygen, ventilator care, total parenteral nutrition, or enteral feeding. RPM may be used during pregnancy and postpartum, as outlined in the September 2022 issue of the <u>Medicaid Update</u>.

See billing rules in Section 9.8 "Billing for Remote Patient Monitoring."

4.8 Telephonic (Audio-only)

Telephonic service uses two-way electronic audio-only communications to deliver services to a patient at an originating site by a telehealth provider. For complete billing instructions for telephonic services, providers can refer to the "Billing Rules for Telehealth Services", "Telephonic (Audio-only) Reimbursement Overview" section of this manual.

NYS Medicaid expanded coverage of remote services to include audio-only visits, to increase access to services, eliminate barriers, supplement oversight of chronic conditions, and improve outcomes. Decisions on what type of visit the NYS Medicaid member receives should be based on their choice and best interest. Provider preference or convenience are not relevant. Providers must use professional judgment to determine whether audio-only services meet patient needs and whether a visit is eligible for audio-only based on criteria below. NYS DOH anticipates only rare occasions when audio-only visits are appropriate for non-behavioral health (BH) services. For example, during weather emergencies when the patient is unable to use audio-visual technologies or when the visit could not occur unless provided via audio-only telehealth. NYS DOH will monitor audio-only billing and take steps to limit overuse and prevent misuse of audio-

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only services.

NYS Medicaid covers audio-only visits for NYS Medicaid members when all the following conditions are met:

- audio-visual telehealth is not available to the patient due to lack of patient equipment or connectivity or audio-only is the preference of the patient;
- the provider must make either audio-visual or in-person appointments available at the request of the patient;
- the service can be effectively delivered without a visual or in-person component, unless otherwise stated in guidance issued by the NYS DOH (this is a clinical decision made by the provider); and
- the service provided via audio-only visits contains all elements of the billable procedures or rate codes and meets all documentation requirements as if provided in person or via an audio-visual visit.

Additional programmatic guidance may be published that specifically allows or prohibits the use of audio-only telehealth by type of service. Additional agency-issued guidance outlines the appropriateness of audio-only visits for their specific populations.

See billing rules in Section 9.6 "Telephonic (Audio-Only) Reimbursement Review."

4.9 Expanded 'After Hours' Access

An add-on payment is available for visits that occur on evenings, weekends, and holidays. An evening visit is one which is scheduled for and occurs after 6 p.m. A weekend visit is one that is scheduled for and occurs on Saturday or Sunday. A holiday visit is one that is scheduled for and occurs on a designated holiday. When the after hours visit is completed via telehealth, the appropriate telehealth modifier must be used (see "Billing Rules for Telehealth Services" for specific guidance).

See billing rules in Section 9.9 "Billing for After Hours."

4.10 Virtual Check-In

Virtual check-ins are brief medical interactions between a physician or other qualified health care professional and a patient. Virtual check-ins may be especially helpful for patients with ongoing chronic conditions that would benefit from recurring check-ins with their provider. A virtual check-in can be conducted via several technology-based modalities, including communication by telephone or by secure text-based messaging, such as electronic interactions via patient portal, secure email, or secure text messaging. Communication must be Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)-compliant and not relate to an Evaluation and Management (E&M) visit the patient had within the past seven days, nor lead to a related E&M visit within 24 hours (see "Billing Rules for Telehealth Services" for specific information on code and modifiers).

See billing rules in Section 9.10 "Billing for Virtual Check-In."

4.11 eVisits

eVisits are patient-initiated communications with a medical provider through a text-based and HIPAA compliant digital platform, such as a patient portal. eVisits are a type of Virtual Check-In which occur through asynchronous communication; the exchange is neither real-time nor face-to-

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face. They are intended to remotely assess non-urgent conditions and prevent unnecessary inperson visits. Coverage of eVisits reimburses providers for the problem-focused communication and medical decision-making they do outside of an in person or other real time telehealth visits.

See billing rules in Section 9.11 "Billing for eVisits."

4.12 Virtual Patient Education

Virtual patient education means education and training for patient self-management by a qualified health care professional via telehealth. Virtual patient education delivers health education to patients, their families, or caregivers, and is reimbursable only for services that are otherwise reimbursable when delivered in-person and when the provider meets certain billing requirements.

The National Diabetes Prevention Program (NDPP) is reimbursable when provided as a live/synchronous program (using code "0403T") and is also reimbursable when provided as an on-demand/asynchronous program (using code "0488T"). NDPPs must first achieve recognition from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) based on its current NDPP <u>Standards and Operating Procedures</u> and adhere to previously published guidance.

NDPP may be delivered in any modality (in-person, online, distance learning, and combination) allowed under the Diabetes Prevention Recognition Program. The community-based organization (CBO) or individual practitioner rendering NDPP services to members must be enrolled in NYS Medicaid to be eligible to receive reimbursed.

See billing rules in Section 9.12 "Billing for Virtual Patient Education."

4.13 Virtual eTriage

Virtual eTriage is <u>not covered</u> by NYS Medicaid as of January 1, 2024. Virtual eTriage was previously covered under the CMS Emergency Triage, Treat, and Transport Model demonstration, as described in the <u>November 2021 issue of the Medicaid Update</u> authorized ambulance services responding to 911 calls to facilitate telehealth encounters where appropriate when providing "treatment in place". The visit was reported by both the ambulance service [as an Emergency Triage, Treat, and Transport (ET3) claim] and the telehealth provider (as a telehealth claim). Guidance will be published if eTriage becomes available for reimbursement in the future.

See billing rules in Section 9.13 "Billing for Virtual eTriage."

4.14 eConsults (Interprofessional Consultations)

eConsults, or interprofessional consultations between a treating/requesting provider and a consulting provider, are intended to improve access to specialty expertise by assisting the treating practitioner with the care of the patient without patient contact with the consulting practitioner.

See billing rules in Section 9.14 "Billing for eConsults (Interprofessional Consultations)."

5 Telehealth Providers



A "telehealth provider," as defined in Public Health Law (PHL) §2999-cc, may be a physician, physician assistant, dentist, nurse practitioner, registered professional nurse, podiatrist, optometrist, psychologist, social worker, speech language pathologist, physical therapist, occupational therapist, diabetes educator, asthma educator, genetic counselor, hospital, home cares services agency, hospice, alcoholism and substance abuse counselor, Early Intervention service coordinator, day and residential program, care manager, peer recovery advocate, mental health practitioner, or any other provider as determined by the Commissioner pursuant to regulation.

Per Title 18 of the New York Codes, <u>Rules and Regulations (NYCRR) Part 538</u>, recent additions to the "telehealth provider" definition include:

- 1. Voluntary foster care agencies certified by the NYS Office of Children and Family Services (OCFS) and licensed pursuant to Article 29-I of PHL, as well as providers employed by those agencies.
- 2. Providers licensed or certified by the New York State Education Department (NYSED) to provide Applied Behavioral Analysis (ABA) therapy.
- 3. Radiologists licensed pursuant to Article 131 of the Education Law and credentialed by the site from which the radiologist practices.
- 4. All NYS Medicaid providers and providers employed by NYS Medicaid facilities, or provider agencies who are authorized to provide in-person services, are authorized to provide such services via telehealth if such telehealth services are appropriate to meet the needs of the patient and are within the scope of practice of the provider.

Separate guidance and/or regulations may supersede or supplement these provider requirements.

5.1 Out of State Providers

Any secure site within the fifty United States (U.S.) or U.S. territories is eligible to be a distant site for delivery and payment purposes.

Providers located outside of New York State may provide telehealth services to New York Medicaid members if:

- 1. the services are allowable,
- 2. the provider is enrolled in New York State Medicaid, and
- 3. the provider possesses New York State licensure.

Out of state licensing is under the authority of The New York State Education Department, Office of the Professions.

Out of state providers should also consult the proper authorities in the state from which they are providing services for its requirements.

6 Confidentiality

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Services provided by means of telehealth must be in compliance with HIPAA and all other relevant laws and regulations governing confidentiality, privacy, and consent, including, but not limited to 45 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Parts 160 and 164 [HIPAA Security Rules]; 42 CFR, Part 2; Public Health Law Article 27-F; and Mental Hygiene Law §33.13. All providers must take steps to reasonably ensure privacy during all patient-practitioner interactions.

The Notifications of Enforcement Discretion issued by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights (OCR) expired with the end of the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency. OCR provided a 90-calendar day transition period for providers to comply with HIPAA rules in their provision of telehealth. The transition period expired on August 9, 2023. More information on HIPAA and telehealth can be found on the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services website.

7 Credentialing and Privileging

7.1 Physicians

NYS hospitals acting as originating sites are required to ensure that physicians who are providing consultations via telehealth at distant sites are appropriately credentialed and privileged. Pursuant to previously published NYS DOH letter released September 22, 2006 and Expanded Coverage of Telemedicine article published in the August 2011 issue of the Medicaid Update, a hospital facility, including one that is acting as a telehealth originating site, may enter into a contract with an outside entity to carry out all or part of the professional application and verification process (physician credentialing). This includes activities associated with the collection and verification of information specific to credentials and prior affiliations/employment. A hospital originating site may therefore enter into a contract with the distant site to receive and collect credentialing information. perform all required verification activities, and act on behalf of the originating site hospital for such credentialing purposes regarding those physicians who will be providing patient consultations via telehealth. Such contracts must establish that the originating site hospital retains ultimate responsibility for the physician credentialing. Distant site hospitals may not delegate, through a contract, their responsibility for peer review, quality assurance/quality improvement activities and decision-making authority for granting medical staff membership or professional privileges (physician privileging).

7.2 Certified Asthma Educators

The hospital outpatient department (OPD), Diagnostic and Treatment Center (D&TC), or private practice serving as the originating site is responsible for ensuring that the Certified Asthma Educator (CAE) providing self-management training services via telehealth, is a NYS licensed, registered, or certified health care professional, who is also certified as an educator by the National Asthma Educator Certification Board (NAECB).

7.3 Certified Diabetes Educators

Diabetes Self-Management Training (DSMT) services may be rendered in person or via telehealth by any NYS Medicaid-enrolled licensed, registered, or certified practitioner who is also affiliated with a DSMT program that has met the programmatic accreditation/recognition standards from a Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)-approved National Accreditation Organization (NAO). Registered dieticians (RDs) are now recognized as independent practitioners within the Medicaid program and may render services within their defined scope of practice. Please see the January 2023 issue of the Medicaid Update for additional information on DSMT services.



8 Patient Rights and Consent

The practitioner shall confirm the identity of the NYS Medicaid member and provide the NYS Medicaid member with basic information about the services that they will be receiving via telehealth. Written consent by the NYS Medicaid member is not required, but the provider must document informed consent in the chart of the patient before or during the first visit in which telehealth services are provided. Telehealth sessions/services shall not be recorded without the consent of the NYS Medicaid member.

Informed consent means that telehealth practitioners provide members with sufficient information and education about telehealth to assist them in making an informed choice to receive telehealth services. This must include the following:

- 1. The telehealth provider must confirm that the NYS Medicaid member is aware of the potential advantages and disadvantages of telehealth, be given the option of not participating in telehealth services and information regarding their right to request a change in service delivery mode at any time.
- The telehealth provider must inform NYS Medicaid members that they will not be denied services if they do not consent to telehealth devices or request to receive services inperson.
- 3. Where the NYS Medicaid member is a minor and the service requires parent/guardian consent, consent shall also be provided by the parent/guardian or other person who has legal authority to consent to health care on behalf of the minor.

Informed consent shall be obtained through a process of communication between the telehealth provider and NYS Medicaid member. Although some providers may choose to document informed consent to receive telehealth services using a form, it is not necessary to use a specific form. Informed consent processes should be specified in the policies and procedures of the provider.

9 Billing Rules for Telehealth Services

9.1 Payment Parity with In-Person Services

Under NYS Law Chapter 45 Article 29-G §2999-DD, healthcare services delivered by means of telehealth are entitled to reimbursement on the same basis, at the same rate, and to the same extent the equivalent services, as may be defined in regulations promulgated by the commissioner, are reimbursed when delivered in person. Exceptions from payment parity exist for some facility types, including Article 28 licensed facilities. Such exceptions exclude certain costs, including facility fees when such costs were not incurred to deliver telehealth services because neither the patient nor the provider were located at the facility or clinic setting when the service was delivered. This law is effective until April 1, 2026.



9.2 Modifiers to be Used When Billing for Telehealth, Store-and-Forward, and Remote Patient Monitoring

Modifiers	Description	Note/Example
95	Synchronous telemedicine service rendered via real-time interactive audio and video telecommunication system.	Please note: 95 and GT indicate audio-visual telehealth. Both modifiers are allowable per NYS Medicaid FFS guidance, however other payors, programs, or agencies may issue further direction on their use.
GT	Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems.	Per CMS, the GT modifier is allowed on institutional claims from Critical Access Hospitals (CAH).
GQ	Via asynchronous telecommunications system.	Please note: The GQ modifier is for use with Store-and-Forward technology.
25	Significant, separately identifiable E&M service by the same physician or other qualified health care professional on the same day as a procedure or other service.	Example: The NYS Medicaid member has a psychiatric consultation via telemedicine on the same day as a primary care E&M service at the originating site. The E&M service should be appended with the 25 modifier.
93	Synchronous telemedicine service rendered via telephone or other real-time interactive audio-only telecommunications system.	Please note: 93 and FQ indicate audio-only telehealth. Both modifiers are allowable per NYS Medicaid FFS guidance, however other payors, programs, or agencies may issue
FQ	A telehealth service was furnished using real-time audio-only communication technology.	further direction on their use. For example, per the CMS 2023 Medicare Physician Fee Schedule, the 93 modifier must be used for mental health services provided via audio-only telecommunications. Providers can refer to the CMS "List of Telehealth Services" web page, for additional information relevant to Medicare enrollees or dually eligible individuals.
FR	A supervising practitioner was present through a real-time two-way, audio/video communication technology.	

Claims allow multiple modifiers. If a claim represents multiple dates of services and modalities, such as a monthly component which included in-person and audio-visual service delivery, providers should indicate any and all telehealth modalities on the claim.



9.3 Place Of Service Code to be Used When Billing for Telehealth, Store-and-Forward, and Remote Patient Monitoring (Applicable When Billing Professional Claims)

POS Code	Description (as of April 1, 2022)
02	Telehealth provided other than in the home of the patient.
10	Telehealth provided in the home of the patient (which is a location other than a hospital or other facility where the patient receives care in a private residence).
11	Telehealth provided in a private practice or office setting (other than a hospital, skilled nursing facility (SNF), military treatment facility, community health center, State or local public health clinic, or intermediate care facility (ICF)). Providers who would report POS 11 if the visit had been in person should report POS 11 on the telehealth claim to ensure proper reimbursement.

POS "2" and "10" are always allowable, although in many instances, POS "11" pays at the higher rate so we encourage providers to use that to ensure proper reimbursement per payment parity statute, as applicable.

9.4 Billing for Teledentistry Services

Teledentistry allows dentists and dental hygienists to deliver care from a distance; this includes performing evaluations and delivering services within scope of practice, using either synchronous or asynchronous means.

When services are provided via teledentistry (audio-visual telehealth) to a member located at an originating site, the servicing provider should bill for the telemedicine encounter as if the provider saw the member in-person using the appropriate billing rules for services rendered. Required accompanying codes "D9995" or "D9996" will identify the encounter as synchronous or asynchronous. For billing of bundled routine dental care services, one claim should be submitted, using the date information is captured as the date of service for asynchronous evaluations. For bundling information, see pages 8-10 of the Dental Policy and Procedure Manual at NEW YORK STATE DENTAL POLICY AND PROCEDURE MANUAL (emedny.org)

Telephonic (audio only) dental encounters are intended to increase access to services when audio-visual telehealth is not available to the patient or audio-only is the preference of the patient. This service is billable utilizing Current Dental Terminology (CDT) code "D9991". Providers must use professional judgment to determine whether audio-only services meet patient needs and whether an audio-only visit meets criteria for eligibility. NYS DOH anticipates only rare occasions when audio-only visits are appropriate for dental encounters.

Dental telehealth services shall adhere to the standards of appropriate patient care required in other dental health care settings, including but not limited to appropriate patient examination and review of the medical and dental history of the patient. For additional information, providers can refer to NYS Law Chapter 45 Article 29-G §2999-DD, located at: NYS Open Legislation NYSenate.gov

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Amendment to the Education Law allowing the Practice of Dental Hygiene Pursuant to Collaborative Arrangements in NYS was designed to be independent of teledentistry, as a means to expand access by allowing independent care delivery by a dental hygienist in a formal relationship with a collaborating dentist, following criteria found at The Practice of Dental Hygiene Pursuant to Collaborative Arrangements. | Office of the Professions (nysed.gov). Please follow billing guidance found in Medicaid Update August 2016 Volume 32 Number 8 (ny.gov). Teledentistry may be employed during encounters delivered under a collaborative practice arrangement, as determined by the dentist or dental hygienist.

Teledentistry Billing by Site and Location

eledentistry Billing by Site and Location					
Facility/Clinic Type	On-Site Presence	Example	Billing and Reimbursement Guidance		
Article 28 Facility opting	Only the Dentist is on-site		Site may bill through APG per guidance ¹		
into Ambulatory Patient Groups (APGs)	Only the NYS Medicaid Member is on-site (either at the facility or a host site)	e.g. a Dental Hygienist is working under General Supervision, gathering information/records for either asynchronous or synchronous evaluation by a Dentist	Site may bill through APG per guidance ¹		
	Member: on-site (either at the facility or a host site)	e.g. a Dental Hygienist is working under General Supervision, gathering	Site may bill through APG per guidance ¹		
	Dentist: on-site (at another facility site)	information/records for either asynchronous or synchronous evaluation by a Dentist			
	Neither the		Dentist can bill the		



	provider nor the		professional component
	NYS Medicaid		only.
	member is on site.		
Article 28	Only the Dentist is		Facility can bill at the
Facility/FQHC	on-site		Prospective Payment
that has not			System (PPS) rate.
opted into APGs	Only the NYS Medicaid Member is on-site (either at the facility or a host site)	e.g. a Dental Hygienist is working under General Supervision, gathering information/records	Facility can bill visit at the PPS rate.
		for either asynchronous or synchronous evaluation by a Dentist	
	Member: on-site (either at the facility or a host site)	e.g. a Dental Hygienist is working under General Supervision, gathering	Only one site can bill one visit at the PPS rate.
	Dentist: on-site (at	information/records	
	another facility	for either	
	site)	asynchronous or	
		synchronous	
		evaluation by a	
	N1 20 0	Dentist	E 100 1 100 66 10
	Neither the		Facility can bill off-site
	provider nor the		("4012") rate
	NYS Medicaid		
Duineste effice	member is on site.		If the Dietark eith consider
Private office, Urgent Care or Emergency Department facility seeking consultation	Only the NYS Medicaid Member is on-site Distant-site provider delivering service is not employed or contracted by the Originating Facility		If the Distant-site provider who is providing treatment to the member is not employed or contracted by the Originating Facility, Distant Site may bill Current Procedural Terminology (CPT)/Current Dental Terminology (CDT) code, APG, or PPS rate.
			The Originating-site practitioner may bill CPT code Q3014; and if the originating-site practitioner provides a separate and distinct medical service unrelated to the

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	telemedicine encou originating- site prac may bill for the med	ctitioner ical
	service provided in a to Q3014 ²	addition

https://health.ny.gov/health care/medicaid/rates/manual/docs/apg provider manual december.pdf

9.5 General Billing Guidelines for Dual Eligible Enrollees

Pursuant to federal law, Medicaid is the payer of last resort, which means Medicaid will make payments only after all other sources of reimbursement have been exhausted. Therefore, potential third-party reimbursement sources including Medicare, must be billed prior to billing Medicaid. For additional information, providers can refer to the following NYS Medicaid billing guidance for dual enrollees:

- NYS DOH, OMH, and OASAS "Duals Reimbursement in MMC" memorandum
- NYS DOH, OMH, and OASAS "<u>Medicaid Managed Care Billing Guidance for Dual Eligible Enrollees</u>" policy guidance

For dually enrolled Medicare and NYS Medicaid members, if Medicare covers the telehealth encounter, NYS Medicaid will reimburse the Part B coinsurance and deductible to the extent permitted by NYS law. For benefits covered by Medicare, any telehealth restrictions set by Medicare apply to dually-enrolled members unless otherwise stated in policy, located on the CMS "List of Telehealth Services" webpage.

The Performance Enhancement Reform Act, or omnibus budget for federal fiscal year (FY) 2023, included several provisions that extend telehealth flexibilities for federal programs through December 31, 2024. Several flexibilities apply to Medicare's coverage of telehealth, including suspending geography-based telehealth requirements, allowing audio-only telehealth, patient homes as originating sites, FQHCs and RHCs to continue to offer telehealth, and delaying inperson visit requirements prior to delivering mental health services via telehealth. When such flexibilities end, NYS Medicaid coverage of some services via telehealth for those dually enrolled may be impacted. For additional information, providers can refer to the Congress "House Committee Print 117-59 - RULES COMMITTEE PRINT 117-59 TEXT OF H.R. 4040, THE ADVANCING TELEHEALTH BEYOND COVID-19 ACT OF 2021 [Showing the text of H.R. 4040, as introduced, with modifications.]" web page, located at: https://www.congress.gov/committee-print/48141.

9.6 Telephonic (Audio-Only) Reimbursement Review

When audio-only telehealth is used in accordance with the policy outlined in "Telehealth Definitions", "Telephonic (Audio-only)," providers may bill NYS Medicaid in two ways:

²New York State Medicaid Update February 2019 Special Edition Volume 35 Number 2 (ny.gov)

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- 1. As they would for an in-person or audio-visual telehealth visit (using the appropriate procedure or rate code) with the addition of a telehealth modifier to indicate delivery by audio-only.
- 2. Using the telephonic (audio-only) E&M procedure codes "99441" through "99443" with the addition of a telehealth modifier to indicate audio-only.
 - These codes will continue to be billable through December 31, 2024, in accordance with the Consolidation Appropriations Act 2023 and Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Final Rule 2024.

Services provided via audio-only visits shall contain all elements of the billable procedures or rate codes and must meet all documentation requirements as if provided in person or via an audio-visual visit.

The telephonic rate codes "**7961**" through "**7968**" were retired effective November 1, 2023. FQHCs can bill the Prospective Payment System (PPS) rate code "**4012**" or "**4013**", depending on on-site presence as outlined in "Billing Rules for Telehealth Services", "FFS Billing for Telehealth by Site and Location." Wrap payments are available for any telehealth services, including telephonic services reimbursed by an MMC Plan, under qualifying PPS and off-site rate codes.

All audio-only claims and encounters must include the "93" or "FQ" modifier unless modifiers are not allowable (e.g., teledentistry). The "UA" modifier should no longer be used to indicate the service as delivered via audio-only.

When a POS is allowable on a claim or encounter, providers should report POS "02" for telehealth provided other than in patient's home, "10" for telehealth provided in the home of the patient, except in cases where POS "11" is typically submitted (private practice or office setting); POS "11" providers should continue to report POS "11" and use telehealth modifiers on the claim or encounter to identify it as telehealth.

NYS Medicaid does not prescribe a list of services deemed appropriate or prohibited for audioonly telehealth, but other payors, programs, or agencies may issue additional guidance that supplements or supersedes this policy (see "Restrictions for Specific Services or Populations"). For example, CMS publishes a List of Telehealth Services which includes services allowable via audio-only for <u>Medicare</u> claims.

MMC Plans may have separate detailed billing guidance that supplements the billing guidance outlined in this issue, but must cover all services appropriate to deliver through telehealth, **including audio-only telehealth**. Further detail on FFS code coverage is provided in specialized guidance for mental health, substance use, and NYS OPWDD services.

9.7 Billing for Store-and-Forward Technology

- 1. Reimbursement will be made to the consulting distant-site practitioner when billed with an appropriate procedure code.
- 2. The consulting distant-site practitioner must provide the requesting originating-site practitioner with a written report of the consultation in order for payment to be made.



The consulting practitioner should bill the Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) code for the professional service appended with the telehealth "GQ" modifier.

9.8 Billing for Remote Patient Monitoring

- 1. Telehealth services provided by means of RPM should be billed using CPT code "99091" [collection and interpretation of physiologic data (e.g., Electrocardiography (ECG), blood pressure, glucose monitoring) digitally stored and/or transmitted by the patient and/or caregiver to the physician or other qualified health care professional, qualified by education, training and licensure/regulation (when applicable) requiring a minimum of 30 minutes of time].
- 2. A fee of \$48.84 per month will be paid for RPM.
- 3. Providers are not to bill "99091" more than one time per member per month.
- 4. Maternity RPM services:
 - a. In an effort to reduce maternal and infant morbidity and mortality, an additional allowance may be reimbursable for RPM equipment provided by enrolled providers to pregnant and postpartum NYS Medicaid members using CPT codes "99453" and "99454" with "HD" modifier. Additional information can be found in the New York State Medicaid Expansion of Remote Patient Monitoring for Maternal Care article published in the September 2022 issue of the Medicaid Update
 - b. Please note: "99091" and "99454" are both intended to be billed once monthly but cannot be billed on the same day. This replaces the guidance for billing these codes that was included in the September 2022 issue of the *Medicaid Update* that stated, "CPT Code "99454" is billed along with CPT Code "99091".
- 5. FQHCs that have opted out of Ambulatory Patient Groups (APGs) are unable to bill for RPM services at this time.
- 6. Coverage is <u>not</u> available for services provided solely by a technician or for technical support of device interrogation at this time.

9.9 Billing for After Hours

An add-on payment is available for visits that occur on evenings, weekends, and holidays. An evening visit is one that is scheduled for and occurs after 6 p.m. A weekend visit is one that is scheduled for and occurs on Saturday or Sunday. A holiday visit is one that is scheduled for and occurs on a designated holiday. When the after-hours visit is completed via telehealth, the appropriate modifier from the table below must be used. Providers should use the following CPT codes as appropriate:

Procedure Codes	Procedure Description	Appropriate Telehealth Modifiers	NYS Medicaid Rate
99050	Services provided in the office at times other than regularly scheduled office hours, or days when the office is normally closed (e.g., holidays, Saturday, or	95, GT, 93, or FQ	\$7.07

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	Sunday), in addition to basic service.		
99051	Services provided in the office during regularly scheduled evening, weekend, or holiday office hours, in addition to basic service.	95, GT, 93, or FQ	\$7.07

Note: "99050" and "99051" can be used in conjunction with E&M codes only.

These CPT codes are not payable if they are the only CPT procedure(s) listed on the claim. They are reimbursed only when accompanied by a valid CPT code that represents an in-office or remote medical service/procedure. The entire visit must occur outside of normal hours. Services occurring after hours due to office/provider delays are not eligible for this supplemental payment.

Additional information on after hours billing can be found in the <u>October 2008 issue of the Medicaid Update</u>.

9.10 Billing for Virtual Check-In

Virtual check-ins must be patient-initiated and allow patients to communicate with their provider in order to avoid an unnecessary visit; however, practitioners may need to inform and educate beneficiaries on the availability of the service prior to patient initiation. A parent or caregiver may initiate a virtual check-in on behalf of a patient. The patient must consent to receive virtual check-in services and the provider must document the consent of the patient in their chart at least once annually while the patient receives virtual check-in services. A virtual check-in can be conducted via several technology-based modalities, including communication by telephone or by secure text-based messaging, such as electronic interactions via patient portal, secure email, or secure text messaging. Communication must be HIPAA-compliant and must not originate from a related E&M visit within seven days, nor lead to a related E&M visit within 24 hours.

Expanding on previous policy, NYS Medicaid-enrolled providers (physician or other qualified health care professional who report E&M services) can bill CPT codes "G2012" or "G2252" for reimbursement for virtual check-ins. The virtual check-in must be reported on the claim with the appropriate telehealth modifier ("93", "95", "FQ", "GT", and "GQ"). Communications reported with a virtual check-in CPT code must meet the criteria outlined below.

CPT Code	Description	Appropriate Telehealth Modifiers	NYS Medicaid Rate
G2012	Brief communication technology-based service by a physician or other qualified health care professional who can report E&M services, not originating from a related E&M service provided within the previous seven days nor leading to a E&M service or procedure within the next 24 hours or soonest available appointment; five to 10 minutes of medical discussion.	93, 95, FQ, GT, and GQ	\$17.30
G2252	Brief communication technology-based	93 , 95 , FQ , GT , and GQ	\$24.30

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service by a physician or other qualified	
health care professional who can report	
E&M services, not originating from a	
related E&M service provided within the	
previous seven days nor leading to a	
E&M service or procedure within the next	
24 hours or soonest available	
appointment; 11 to 20 minutes of medical	
discussion.	

Additional agency-issued guidance may be available for specific populations. NYS OPWDD, OASAS, and OMH providers should review their respective guidance to ensure compliance.

9.11 Billing for eVisits

Providers who can independently bill for evaluation and management codes (physicians, nurse practitioners, midwives) may bill CPT codes "99421", "99422", and "99423". Providers who may not independently bill for evaluation and management codes (e.g., licensed clinical social workers, clinical psychologists, speech language pathologists, physical therapists, occupational therapists) may bill CPT codes "98970", "98971", and "98972".

eVisits are billed via time-based codes. The service time is cumulative up to a seven-day period. The seven-day period starts upon the provider's review the initial patient communication. The provider must begin their review within three business days of the patient inquiry. For example, if a patient initiates an eVisit on Monday, the provider must begin review on or before Thursday. Service time may include review of pertinent patient records, interaction with clinical staff about the presenting problem, and subsequent communications which are not included in a separately reported service.

eVisit CPT codes may be billed once per seven-day period (using the last date of communication within the seven-day period as the date of service). eVisits may not be billed if the patient inquiry is related to a visit within the previous seven days of the initial digital communication. If the eVisit leads to an Evaluation and Management (E&M) visit, the eVisit should not be billed, but the time spent on the communication can be incorporated into the separately billed E&M visit.

CPT Code	Description	NYS Medicaid Rate
99421	Online digital evaluation and management service,	\$12.18
	for an established patient, for up to 7 days, cumulative time during the 7 days; 5–10 minutes	
99422	Online digital evaluation and management service,	\$23.81
	for an established patient, for up to 7 days cumulative time during the 7 days; 11– 20 minutes	
	Online digital evaluation and management service, for an established patient, for up to 7 days, cumulative time during the 7 days; 21 or more minutes	\$38.76
98970	Qualified non-physician healthcare professional online assessment and management, for an	\$9.42



	established patient, for up to seven days, cumulative time during the 7 days; 5–10 minutes	
98971	Qualified non-physician healthcare professional online assessment and management service, for an established patient, for up to seven days, cumulative time during the 7 days; 11–20 minutes	\$16.61
98972	Qualified non-physician healthcare professional assessment and management service, for an established patient, for up to seven days, cumulative time during the 7 days; 21 or more minutes	\$25.74

To bill the above procedure codes, providers must meet all elements of the code, and must adhere to the American Medical Association's guidelines related to frequency of billing these codes, as well as billing restrictions when the eVisit leads to a face-to-face encounter.

When billed by an Article 28 clinic via APGs, eVisit codes are payable to the clinic only. The provider may <u>not</u> also bill a professional component.

FQHCs may not bill for eVisits at this time.

9.12 Billing for Virtual Patient Education

Virtual patient education means education and training for patient self-management by a qualified health care professional via telehealth. Virtual patient education delivers health education to patients, their families, or caregivers, and is reimbursable only for services that are otherwise reimbursable when delivered in person and when the provider meets certain billing requirements.

Synchronous audio-visual telehealth may meet the definitions found under CPT codes "98960" through "98962", specifying "face-to-face" education and training. The virtual patient education must be reported on the claim with the appropriate telehealth "95" or "GT" modifier. These codes are limited to Community Health Worker (CHW) services and Asthma Self-Management Training (ASMT) services. Additional information about CHW services is in the December 2023 issue of the Medicaid Update. CPT codes "98960" through "98962" may not be billed for general patient education that does not meet the provider or service definitions for CHWs or ASMT. Additional information about ASMT is in April 2021 issue of the Medicaid Update.

CPT Code	Description	Appropriate Telehealth Modifiers	NYS Medicaid Rate
98960*	Education and training for patient self-management by a qualified, non-physician health care professional using a standardized curriculum, face-to-face with the patient (could include caregiver/family) each 30 minutes; individual patient	95 and GT	\$35.00
98961*	Two to four patients	95 and GT	\$16.45
98962*	Five to eight patients	95 and GT	\$12.25



0403T	Preventive behavior change, intensive program of prevention of diabetes using a standardized diabetes prevention program curriculum, provided to individuals in a group setting, minimum 60 minutes, per day	95 and GT	\$22.22
0488T	Preventive behavior change, online/electronic structured intensive program for prevention of diabetes using a standardized diabetes prevention program curriculum, provided to an individual, per 30 days. Coaches must be able to track participant progress through online modules. To bill, the patient must complete a minimum of three sessions per month and adhere to the CDC guidelines regarding coaching support (no less than once per week first six months)	Not applicable	\$49.00
G0108	Diabetes outpatient self-management training services, individual, per 30 minutes.	95 and GT	\$48.37
G0109	Diabetes outpatient self-management training services, group (two to eight patients), per 30 minutes.	95 and GT	\$13.68
99406	Intermediate Smoking Cessation Counseling (SCC), three to ten minutes (billable only as an individual session).	95 and GT	\$13.54
99407	Intensive SCC, greater than 10 minutes (billable as an individual or group session; using the HQ modifier to indicate a group SCC session, up to eight patients in a group).	95 and GT	\$24.91
D1320	Tobacco counseling for the control and prevention of oral disease. Billable only as an individual session, greater than three minutes.	95 and GT	\$10.10

^{*}Limited to CHW and ASMT services.

Additional agency-issued guidance may be available for specific populations. NYS OPWDD, OASAS, and OMH providers should review their respective guidance to ensure compliance.

9.13 Billing for Virtual eTriage

Virtual eTriage is <u>not covered</u> by NYS Medicaid as of January 1, 2024. Virtual eTriage was previously covered under the CMS Emergency Triage, Treat, and Transport Model demonstration and providers billed as described in the <u>November 2021 issue of the *Medicaid Update*</u>. Guidance will be published if eTriage becomes available for reimbursement in the future.

9.14 Billing for eConsults (Interprofessional Consultations)

eConsults, also known as electronic consultations or interprofessional consultations between a treating/requesting provider and a consultative provider (physicians [including psychiatrists], physician assistants, nurse practitioners, midwives), are intended to improve access to specialty expertise by assisting the treating/requesting provider with the care of the patient without patient



contact with the consultative provider.

The purpose of an eConsult is to answer patient-specific treatment questions that a consultative provider can reasonably answer from information in the request for consultation and the electronic health record without an in-person visit. The consultative provider should respond to the eConsult request within 3 business days. The response should include recommendations, rationale, and contingencies that warrant a re-consult or referral. eConsults may not be appropriate for cases that involve complex decision-making nor for urgent medical decision making.

eConsults <u>cannot</u> be used for the purpose of arranging a referral for an in-person visit. They may be used for patients with or without an existing relationship with the consultative provider. For patients with a pre-existing relationship with the consultative provider, eConsults may be used upon presentation of a new problem where management of the patient can be reasonably carried out by the practitioner seeking the consultation.

The eConsult must be performed through electronic communication between the treating/requesting provider and the consultative provider. The complete record of the consult must be documented in the patient chart. Both the treating/requesting provider and the consultative provider can bill for the eConsult. To bill NYS Medicaid for eConsults the provider must be enrolled in NYS Medicaid.

The treating/requesting provider shall provide the NYS Medicaid member with information about the eConsult and obtain consent from the patient prior to each eConsult. A single instance of patient consent cannot apply to multiple eConsults across different specialties. Written consent is not required; however, the provider must document informed consent in the chart of the patient before the eConsult. Patients have the right to refuse an eConsult and see a consultative provider in-person if they wish to do so.

The following information must be documented in the medical record by the treating/requesting provider:

- the written or verbal consent made by the patient for the eConsult;
- the request made by the treating/requesting provider; and
- the recommendation and rationale from the consultative provider.

Both the treating/requesting provider and the consultative provider are required to follow all state and federal privacy laws regarding the exchange of patient information.

Please note: In addition to Title 18 of the NYCRR §504.3(a), providers may be subject to other record retention requirements (e.g., contractual requirements under the MMC program).

Both the treating/requesting provider and the consultative provider can bill for an eConsult through independent claims. eConsults should be billed using the following CPT codes:

CPT Code	Billed By	Description	NYS Medicaid Rate
99451	Consultative Provider	Interprofessional telephone/internet/electronic health record	\$28.46





		assessment and management service provided by a consultative physician, including a written report to the patient's treating/requesting physician or other qualified health care professional, 5 minutes or more of medical consultative time.	
99452	Treating/Reque sting Provider	Interprofessional telephone/internet/electronic health record referral service(s) provided by a treating/requesting physician or other qualified health care professional, 30 minutes.	\$26.56

To bill either of the above procedure codes, providers must meet all elements of the code, and must adhere to the American Medical Association's guidelines related to frequency of billing these codes, as well as billing restrictions when the eConsult leads to a face-to-face encounter.

All Medicaid billing guidelines, including for practitioner types, apply.

9.15 FFS Billing for Telehealth by Site and Location

Facility/Clinic Type	On-Site Presence	Billing Instructions
	Only the provider is onsite.	APGs (+Capital Component), if and as appropriate.
Article 16 OPWDD Clinic	Only the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	APGs (+Capital Component), if and as appropriate.
	Neither the provider nor the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Not billable [with exception for dual enrollees when Medicare Part B covers the service when delivered via telehealth].
	Only the provider is onsite.	Provider submits APG claim for services provided. Professional Component can be billed by physician.
Article 28 Hospital OPDs and EDs	Only the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Provider submits APG claim for services provided. If the off-site provider delivering service is not employed or contracted by the facility, submit APGs for CPT code "Q3014" as originating site fee.
		Professional Component can be billed by physician.



Facility/Clinic Type	On-Site Presence	Billing Instructions
	Neither the provider nor the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Physician can bill for Professional Component only.
	Only the provider is onsite.	Provider submits APG claim for services provided.
Article 28 D&TCs and FQHCs opting into APGs	Only the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Provider submits APG claim for services provided. If the off-site provider delivering service is not employed or contracted by the facility, submit APGs for CPT code "Q3014" as originating site fee.
	Neither the provider nor the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Physician can bill for Professional Component only.**
	Only the provider is onsite.	Provider submits APG claim for services provided. No facility fee - no professional component.
Article 31 OMH Part 599	Only the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Provider submits APG claim for services provided. If the off-site provider delivering service is not employed or contracted by the facility, submit APGs for CPT code "Q3014" as originating site/ facility fee.
	Neither the provider nor the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Provider submits APG Claim for services provided. No bill for facility fee - no professional component.
	Only the provider is onsite.	Provider submits APG claim for services provided.
Article 32 OASAS	Only the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Provider submits APG claim for services provided.
	Neither the provider nor the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Provider submits APG claim for services provided.
	Only the provider is onsite.	PPS Rate
FQHC Operated Article 28 that have not opted	Only the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	PPS Rate
into APGs	Neither the provider nor the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Off-site ("4012") rate
FQHC Operated Article 31 (OMH Part 599) that	Only the provider is onsite.	Provider submits Article 31 rate coded claim for PPS rate (e.g., "4301", "4303") with appropriate telehealth modifier (i.e., 95, GT, 93).



Facility/Clinic Type	On-Site Presence	Billing Instructions
have not opted into APGs	Only the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Provider submits Article 31 rate coded claim for PPS rate (e.g., "4301", "4303") with appropriate telehealth modifier (i.e., 95, GT, 93).
	Neither the provider nor the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Provider submits Article 31 rate coded claim for PPS rate (e.g., "4301" , "4303") with appropriate telehealth modifier (i.e., 95 , GT , 93).
FQHC Operated	Only the provider is onsite.	Provider submits Article 32 rate coded claim for PPS rate (e.g., "4273" through "4275", "4214" through "4216") with appropriate telehealth modifier (i.e., 95, GT, 93).
Article 32 (OASAS Clinic) that have not opted into APGs	Only the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Provider submits Article 32 rate coded claim for PPS rate (e.g., "4275", "4214" through "4216") with appropriate telehealth modifier (i.e., 95, GT, 93).
	Neither the provider nor the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Provider submits Article 32 rate coded claim for PPS rate (e.g., "4275", "4214" through "4216") with appropriate telehealth modifier (i.e., 95, GT, 93).
FQHC Article 28	Only the provider is onsite.	Provider bills FQHC SBHC rate code (4014, 4015, 4016). See Section 10.4 for additional guidance.
School Based Health Centers (SBHCs) that have	Only the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Not billable.
not opted into	Neither the provider nor the NYS Medicaid member is onsite.	Not billable.
Article 28 School	Only the provider is onsite.	Provider bills SBHC rate code (1444, 1450, 1447, 1453, 3257, 3258, 3259). See Section 10.4 for additional guidance.
Based Health Centers (SBHCs) opted into APGs	Only the NYS Medicaid member is on-site.	Not billable.
	Neither the provider nor the NYS Medicaid member is onsite.	Not billable.

^{*} Article 31 and 32 facilities operated by FQHCs should follow guidance from OMH and OASAS and should bill according to the guidance outlined under the Article 31/32 sections of the above grid.

^{* * 42} CFR **§440.90** defines clinic services as those occurring within the clinic's four walls. NYS Medicaid does not currently have a mechanism to allow freestanding clinics / diagnostic and treatment centers to bill when there is no on-site presence at the clinic.



9.16 Hospital Inpatient Billing for Audio-Visual Telehealth

When a telehealth consult is being provided by a distant-site physician to a NYS Medicaid member who is an inpatient in the hospital, payment for the telehealth encounter may be billed by the distant-site physician. Other than physician services, all other practitioner services are included in the All Patient Revised - Diagnosis Related Group (APR-DRG) payment to the facility.

9.17 Skilled Nursing Facility Billing for Audio-Visual Telehealth

When the services of the telehealth practitioner are included in the nursing home rate, the telehealth practitioner must bill the nursing home. If the services of the telehealth practitioner are not included in the nursing home rate, the telehealth practitioner should bill NYS Medicaid as if practitioner saw the NYS Medicaid member in-person. The CPT code billed should be appended with the applicable telehealth modifier. Practitioners providing services via telehealth should confirm with the nursing facility whether their services are in the nursing home rate.

Skilled nursing facilities may <u>not</u> bill for the "Q3014" originating site fee.

9.18 Medicaid Managed Care (MMC) Considerations

- 1. MMC Plans are required to cover, at a minimum, services that are covered by NYS Medicaid FFS and included in the MMC benefit package, when determined medically necessary and must provide telehealth coverage as described in this guidance. To allow DOH to adequately track telehealth use, MMC Plans must ensure claims allow the use of the telehealth modifiers in this guidance and may establish additional claiming requirements beyond those set out in the FFS billing instructions in this guidance.
- 2. MMC Plans must adhere to the payment parity requirements outlined in "Billing Rules for Telehealth Services", "Payment Parity with In-Person Services".
- 3. MMC Plans may not limit enrollee access to telehealth/telephonic services to solely the MMC Plan telehealth vendors and must cover appropriate telehealth/telephonic services provided by other network providers.
- 4. Questions regarding MMC reimbursement or documentation requirements should be directed to the MMC Plan of the enrollee.

10 Restrictions for Specific Services and Populations

Other payors, programs, and agencies beyond NYS FFS Medicaid may issue additional guidance that supplements or supersedes this guidance, such as restrictions on the use of telehealth for specific services or populations.

Below is a list of current restrictions as of the date of this manual. It is <u>not</u> a comprehensive list and other restrictions may apply. Please contact the issuing entity for more detail.



10.1 Restrictions for Adult Day Health Care and Home Health Care

Telehealth is <u>not</u> acceptable:

- For in-person initial medical, clinical, mental health, or dental assessments;
- To perform the Functional Supplement component of the Uniform Assessment System-New York (UAS-NY);
- At any time when the patient is not able to access a secure location; or
- As a substitute for in-person delivery of any personal care services by a provider licensed under Article 36 of the Public Health Law, or for the delivery of meals or congregate or rehabilitative activities or for required resident/patient supervision services in any setting.

Source: <u>DAL 23-27</u>

10.2 Restrictions for OMH

Licensed programs may use Telehealth Technologies, including Audio-visual or Audio-only modalities for the provision of all Clinic CPT procedure codes, except:

- Injectable Medication Administration with Monitoring and Education (H2010) and Injection
- Only (96372) is restricted to in-person only.
- Health Physical (99382-99387) (New Patient) and 99392-99397 (Established Patient) is restricted to in-person or Audio-visual only.
- Developmental (96110, 96111) and Psychological Testing (96101, 96116, 96118) is restricted to in-person or Audio-visual for testing administration.

Source: April 2023 Telehealth Services Guidance for OMH Providers

10.3 Restrictions for OPWDD

Independent Practitioner Services for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities (IPSIDD) services are prohibited from being delivered via telehealth. This guidance also does not apply to services authorized pursuant to OPWDD's Section 1915(c) Comprehensive Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS) Waiver.

Source: OPWDD Regulation: 14 CRR-NY 635-13.4(c)

10.4 Restrictions for School Based Health Centers (SBHCs)

The SBHC vaccine administration rate codes 1381, 1382, and 1383 are not allowable via telehealth. See Section 9.15 for additional guidance on billing SBHC rate codes.

10.5 Restrictions for Opioid Treatment Programs (OTPs)

Per the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) Final Rule published February 2, 2024:

- Screenings can be undertaken by non-OTP practitioners who work outside of the OTP and telehealth is permitted.
- Telehealth screenings and full examinations for methadone must be audio-visual.

Medicaid FFS Telehealth



 Telehealth screenings and full examinations for buprenorphine can be audio-visual or audio only.

Source: Medications for the Treatment of Opioid Use Disorder, 89 FR 7528, (Feb. 2, 2024).

10.6 Restrictions for 1915(c) Children's Home and Community-Based Services Waiver

1915(c) waiver services may not be delivered via telehealth without explicit authority in the waiver.

Medicaid FFS Telehealth



11 Appendix A - Change Log

Date	Summary of Changes
May 13, 2024	Initial publication of this manual.